Instructions for written homework.

- You are encouraged to work with others on these problems. You are expected to write the solutions yourself.
- Your solutions should be legible and well organized. Graders will deduct points for solutions that are difficult to read, or are disorganized. For the benefit of the grader, please turn in solutions to problems in the assigned order, i.e. #1, then #2, then #3, etc.
- Staple your pages together. Do not turn in notebook paper with tattered edges. Homework that is unstapled or is lacking a name will not be graded.

Problem 1 (Fall 2010). Find the *y*-coordinate of the center of mass of a thin plate in the shape of the upper half of the unit circle:

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1; \quad y \ge 0$$

if the density δ at the point (x, y) is $\delta(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$.

Problem 2 (Fall 2012). A solid cylinder of height 1 and radius 1 is formed by all the points (x, y, z) such that $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$ and $0 \le z \le 1$. Find the center of mass of the cylinder if its density at (x, y, z) is given by $\delta(x, y, z) = z$.

Problem 3 (Spring 2011). Compute the work done by the force field

$$\vec{F} = (6xy - y^3)\vec{i} + (3y^2 + 3x^2 - 3xy^2)\vec{j}$$

along the path $\vec{r}(t) = \langle \cos(t), \sin(t) \rangle$ for $-\pi/2 \le t \le \pi/2$.

Problem 4 (Spring 2011). Evaluate

$$\int_C xy^3 dx + 3x^2y^2 dy$$

where C is the boundary of the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the x-axis, the line x = 1 and the curve $y = x^3$, traveled counter-clockwise.

Problem 5 (Fall 2010). Evaluate

$$\int_C x^2 dx + y^2 dy + z^2 dz$$

where C is the straight line segment from (1, 2, 3) to (2, 3, 4).

Problem 6 (Spring 2011). Compute the line integral

$$\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

of the vector field

$$\vec{F} = \langle 2xy^2 + 3xz^2, 2x^2y + 2y, 3x^2z - 2z \rangle$$

on the curve C given by

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle \cos(2t) + 5\sin(5t), 6\sin(t) + 4\sin(5t), \cos(2t) + \cos(5t) \rangle$$

for $0 \leq t \leq \pi$.

Problem 7 (Fall 2011). Evaluate the integral

$$\int_C (y + \sin(e^{x^2}))dx - 2xdy,$$

where C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ traveled counter-clockwise.

Problem 8 (Spring 2010). Evaluate

$$\int_C (6y+x)dx + (y+2x)dy$$

where C is the circle

$$(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 4$$

oriented counterclockwise.

Problem 9 (Spring 2013). A particle moves along the line segments from (0, 0, 0) to (1, 0, 0) to (1, 5, 1) to (0, 5, 1) and back to (0, 0, 0) under the influence of the vector field

$$\vec{F}(x,y,z) = z^2\vec{i} + 3xy\vec{j} + 4y^2\vec{k}.$$

Find the work done.

Problem 10 (Spring 2013). Let S be the portion of the surface z = xy lying inside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$. Compute the surface area of S.