# Math 240: Linear Transformations 

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## Outline

## (1) Mappings and Linear Transformations

## Today's Goals

(1) Be able to verify if a map is a linear transformation.
(2) Know linear transformations of $\mathbb{R}^{2}$.

## Mappings and Linear Transformations

## Definition

Let $V$ and $W$ be vector spaces. A mapping (or function) from $V$ to $W$ is a rule that assigns to each vector $v$ in $V$ exactly one vector $w=T(v)$ in $W$. We denote this mapping by $T: V \rightarrow W$.

## Definition

A mapping $T: V \rightarrow W$ is a linear transformation if the following hold:
(1) $T(u+v)=T(u)+T(v)$ for all $u, v \in V$
(2) $T(c v)=c T(v)$ for all $v \in V$ and all scalars $c$.

We call $V$ the domain of $T$ and $W$ is the codomain of $T$

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## Theorem

If $A$ is an $m \times n$ matrix, then the mapping given by $T: \mathbb{R}^{n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{m}$ such that $T(v)=A v$ is a linear transformation.

## Matrices ARE linear transformations

## Theorem

Let $T: \mathbb{R}^{n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{m}$ be a linear transformation. $T$ is completely described by

$$
T(v)=A v
$$

where $A$ is the $m \times n$ matrix

$$
A=\left[T\left(\mathbf{e}_{1}\right), T\left(\mathbf{e}_{2}\right), \ldots, T\left(\mathbf{e}_{n}\right)\right]
$$

and $\mathbf{e}_{1}, \mathbf{e}_{2}, \ldots, \mathbf{e}_{n}$ are the standard basis vectors in $\mathbb{R}^{n}$.

## Linear Transformations from $\mathbb{R}^{2}$ to $\mathbb{R}^{2}$.

Reflections

$$
\left(\begin{array}{cc}
-1 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right),\left(\begin{array}{cc}
1 & 0 \\
0 & -1
\end{array}\right),\left(\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 1 \\
1 & 0
\end{array}\right)
$$

Stretching

$$
\left(\begin{array}{cc}
k & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right),\left(\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
0 & k
\end{array}\right)
$$

Shearing

$$
\left(\begin{array}{ll}
1 & k \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right),\left(\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
k & 1
\end{array}\right)
$$

