

Math 240: Spanning and Linear Independence

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Outline

1 Spanning

2 Linear Independence

Today's Goals

- 1 Be able to determine if a set of vectors spans a vector subspace.
- 2 Be able to determine if a set of vectors is linearly independent.

The span of a set of vectors

Definition

A set of vectors v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n **spans** a vector space V if every vector in V can be written as $c_1 v_1 + c_2 v_2 + \dots + c_n v_n$ where c_i is a scalar for $1 \leq i \leq n$.

In this case we say V is **spanned by** v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n .

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Exercise: Show that $\{(1, 2, 1), (1, 0, 1), (0, 1, 1)\}$ spans \mathbb{R}^3 .

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Exercise: Show that $\{(1, 2, 1), (1, 0, 1), (0, 1, 0)\}$ does not span \mathbb{R}^3 .

Linear Independence

Definition

Let v_1, \dots, v_m be vectors in a vector space V . The set $S = \{v_1, \dots, v_m\}$ is **linearly independent** if $c_1 v_1 + c_2 v_2 + \dots + c_n v_n = 0$ implies $c_1 = c_2 = \dots = c_n = 0$.

If there exists a non trivial solution to $c_1 v_1 + c_2 v_2 + \dots + c_n v_n = 0$ we say the set S is linearly dependant.

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Exercise: Are the following vectors linearly independent?

$$\langle 1, 2, 1 \rangle, \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle, \langle 0, 1, 1 \rangle$$