## MATH 104 Homework Practice Midterm 2

NAME (PRINTED):

TA:

RECITATION TIME:

Please turn off all electronic devices. You may use both sides of a  $8.5 \times 11$  sheet of paper for notes while you take this exam. No calculators, no course notes, no books, no help from your neighbors. Show all work, even on multiple choice or short answer questions—the grading will be based on your work shown as well as the end result. Please clearly mark a multiple choice option for each problem. Remember to put your name at the top of this page. Good luck.

My signature below certifies that I have complied with the University of Pennsylvania's *code of academic integrity* in completing this examination.

Your signature

Problem	Score (out of)
1	(10)
2	(10)
3	(10)
4	(10)
5	(10)
6	(10)
7	(10)
8	(10)
Total	(80)

**1.** (10 pts) Find the length of the curve  $y = \int_0^x \sqrt{\cos(2t)} dx$  from x = 0 to  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .

**2.** (10 pts) Find the surface area of the portion of the sphere of radius R that lies between the planes z = a and z = b where -R < a < b < R.

**3.** (10 pts) Find the centroid of the region bounded by the curves  $y = \sqrt{x}$  and  $y = x^2$ .

4. (10 pts) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by  $x = 4-y^2$ and y = x about the line y = 2. 5. The disk  $x^2 + y^2 \le a^2$  is revolved about the line x = b (where b > a) to generate a solid shaped like a doughnut called a torus. Find its volume.

6. (10 pts) Find the following integrals or show they do not exist.

$$\int_{-1}^{2} x^{-\frac{3}{2}} dx$$
$$\int_{-1}^{2} x^{-\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

7. (10 pts) Show that the following integral converges or show that it diverges.

$$\int_{e^e}^{\infty} \ln(\ln(x)) dx$$

8. (10 pts) Show that  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-|x|}$  is a probability density function