

Math 104: Volumes

Ryan Blair

University of Pennsylvania

Tuesday February 19, 2013

Outline

- 1 Review
- 2 Intro to Volumes
- 3 Volumes of Rotation

Area between Curves

Find the area between the following two curves in two ways

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$y^2 = 8 - x$$

First, by integrating with respect to y .

Second, by integrating with respect to x .

Area between Curves

Find the area between the following two curves in two ways

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$y^2 = 8 - x$$

First, by integrating with respect to y .

Second, by integrating with respect to x .

- 1 Sketch the graphs and label points of intersection.
- 2 Write down formulas for the upper and lower boundaries of the region.
- 3 Integrate the difference of the formulas over the appropriate intervals.

Volume Basics

Same idea as areas: Cut up into "small pieces" of infinitesimal "volume elements" and then add up using the definite integral.

Volume Basics

Same idea as areas: Cut up into "small pieces" of infinitesimal "volume elements" and then add up using the definite integral.

Example: Find the volume of the box with dimensions

$$0 \leq x \leq 2$$

$$1 \leq y \leq 3$$

$$2 \leq z \leq 4$$

in three different ways by integrating with respect to x , then y , then z .

Volume of a Cylinder

Find the volume of a cylinder of height H and radius R by

Exercise 1: Slicing into horizontal disks.

Volume of a Cylinder

Find the volume of a cylinder of height H and radius R by

Exercise 1: Slicing into horizontal disks.

Exercise 2: Slicing into vertical rectangles.

Volume of a Cylinder

Find the volume of a cylinder of height H and radius R by

Exercise 1: Slicing into horizontal disks.

Exercise 2: Slicing into vertical rectangles.

Exercise 3: Slicing into vertical ... shells.

Volume of a hyperboloid

Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the curve $y = x^2$ from $x = -2$ to $x = 2$ about the y -axis by

Exercise 1: Slicing into horizontal disks.

Volume of a hyperboloid

Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the curve $y = x^2$ from $x = -2$ to $x = 2$ about the y -axis by

Exercise 1: Slicing into horizontal disks.

Exercise 2: Slicing into vertical shells.

Volumes of solids of rotation

Replace all x 's with y 's in the following formulas to get other valid expressions for volume.

Disks:

$$\text{Vol} = \int_a^b \pi(\text{radius in terms of } x)^2 dx$$

Shells:

$$\text{Vol} = \int_a^b 2\pi(\text{radius in terms of } x)(\text{height in terms of } x) dx$$

Washers:

$$\text{Vol} = \int_a^b \pi(\text{outer radius in terms of } x)^2 - \pi(\text{inner radius in terms of } x)^2 dx$$

Volumes of solids of rotation

Replace all x 's with y 's in the following formulas to get other valid expressions for volume.

Disks:

$$\text{Vol} = \int_a^b \pi(\text{radius in terms of } x)^2 dx$$

Shells:

$$\text{Vol} = \int_a^b 2\pi(\text{radius in terms of } x)(\text{height in terms of } x) dx$$

Washers:

$$\text{Vol} = \int_a^b \pi(\text{outer radius in terms of } x)^2 - \pi(\text{inner radius in terms of } x)^2 dx$$

Exercise: Find the volume of the object obtained by rotating the region bounded by the lines $y = x$, $y = 1$ and $x = 0$ about the x -axis.