## Math 103: The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

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## Outline

Review

2 The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

## Definition

The **area** A of a region S that lies under the graph of a continuous function f is the limit of the sum of areas of the approximating rectangles:

$$A = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} f(c_i) \Delta x$$

### Theorem

If f is integrable on [a, b], then

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} f(c_{i}) \Delta x$$

where  $\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{r}$  and the  $c_i$  are a collection of sample points.



# Properties of Integrals



#### Theorem

(Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, Part 1) If f is continuous on [a, b], then the function g defined by

$$g(x) = \int_{a}^{x} f(t)dt \ a \le x \le b$$

is continuous on [a, b] and differentiable on (a, b), and g'(x) = f(x).

#### **Theorem**

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## Theorem

(Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, Part 2) If f is continuous on [a, b], then

$$\int_a^b f(x)dx = F(b) - F(a)$$

Where F is any antiderivative of f, that is, a function such that F'=f.

# **Net Change**

### **Theorem**

The next change of a function F(x) over an interval [a, b] is the integral of its rate of change:

$$F(b) - F(a) = \int_a^b F'(x) dx$$

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### **Theorem**

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**Exercise** Water flows from the bottom of a storage tank at a rate of r(t) = 200 - 4t liters per minute, where  $0 \le t \le 50$ . Find the amount of water that flows from the tank during the first 10 minutes.

## Area under the curve

To find the area between the graph y = f(x) and the x-axis on the interval [a, b]:

- Subdivide [a, b] at the zeros of f(x).
- Integrate f over each interval.
- Add the absolute value of the intervals.