

## 6

$$\begin{aligned}\tanh' x &= \frac{d}{dx} \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} \\ &= \frac{(e^x + e^{-x})(e^x - (-e^{-x})) - (e^x - e^{-x})(e^x + (-e^{-x}))}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \\ &= \frac{(e^x + e^{-x})(e^x - (-e^{-x})) - (e^x - e^{-x})(e^x + (-e^{-x}))}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \\ &= \frac{(e^x + e^{-x})(e^x + e^{-x}) - (e^x - e^{-x})(e^x - e^{-x})}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \\ &= \frac{(e^x + e^{-x})^2 - (e^x - e^{-x})^2}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \\ &= 1 - \frac{(e^x - e^{-x})^2}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \\ &= 1 - \left( \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} \right)^2 \\ &= 1 - (\tanh x)^2.\end{aligned}$$

Now we plug in  $\tanh^{-1} x$ :

$$\tanh'(\tanh^{-1}(x)) = 1 - (\tanh(\tanh^{-1} x))^2 = 1 - x^2.$$

Using the derivative rule for inverses,

$$\frac{d}{dx} \tanh^{-1} x = \frac{1}{\tanh'(\tanh^{-1}(x))} = \frac{1}{1 - x^2}.$$

## 7

### a

The units of  $Q'(p)$  are  $\frac{\text{units of } Q}{\text{units of } p}$ , so widgets/dollar (assuming price is in dollars). Typically  $Q'(p)$  will be negative: as price goes up, we expect to sell fewer units.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>In fact, this is so common that products where  $Q'(p)$  is positive have a special name: they're known as *Giffen goods*.

**b**

Elasticity is *unitless*: the units are  $\frac{\text{dollars widgets}}{\text{widgets dollars}}$ , and the top and bottom cancel. (This is part of why elasticity is useful: the derivative depends on what currency you use, but the elasticity doesn't.)

**c**

$\ln Q(p) = \ln 3p^{-1/2} = \frac{-1}{2} \ln 3p = \frac{-1}{2} \ln 3 + \frac{-1}{2} \ln p$ . The derivative is

$$[\ln Q(p)]' = 0 + \frac{-1}{2p} = \frac{-1}{2p}.$$

**d**

$E(p) = \frac{p}{Q(p)} Q'(p) = p(\ln Q(p))' = p \frac{-1}{2p} = \frac{-1}{2}$ .