

Math 509: Problem Set 10 (due Thurs. April 12, 2007)

1. Let $u(\theta, t)$ be the temperature at a point θ on the circle, $S^1 = [-\pi, \pi]$ at time t and assume that $u(\theta, t)$ satisfies the *heat equation*

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2}$$

and is of course periodic in θ with period 2π . If the initial temperature is $u(\theta, 0) = f(\theta) \in C(S^1)$, show that

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} u(\theta, t) = \text{constant}$$

and determine this constant in terms of f .

2. Solve the Laplace equation $\Delta u = 0$ on the *outside* of the unit disk, so $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} > 1$ with $u(r, \theta)|_{r=1} = 2 + \cos \theta - 3 \sin \theta$ on the unit circle (here θ is the angle in polar coordinates). In your solution, assume that $u(r, \theta)$ is bounded as $r \rightarrow \infty$.
3. Suppose that u is a harmonic function in the disk $D = \{x^2 + y^2 < 4\}$ with boundary condition (in polar coordinates) $u(2, \theta) = 5 + 2 \cos 3\theta$. Without computing the solution:
- Find the maximum value of the solution in \overline{D} .
 - Find the minimum value of the solution in \overline{D} .
 - Find the value of u at the origin.
4. Let u and v be harmonic functions in a bounded (connected) region D with $u = f$ and $v = g$ on the boundary of D . If $f \leq g$, show that $u \leq v$ with strict inequality everywhere unless $f \equiv g$,
5. Say $\Delta u \geq 0$ in a bounded (connected) region D .
- Prove that in any disk $Q \in D$ the value of u at the center of the disk is at most the average of its value on the boundary of the disk.
 - Show that if u takes its maximum value at an interior point of D then u must be a constant.
 - Assume $\Delta v = F$ and $\Delta w = G$ in a bounded (connected) region D with $v = 0$ and $w = 0$ on the boundary of D . If $F > G$ in D , show that $v < w$ in D .