

CALCULUS BLUE SYLLABUS

PART 1: VECTORS & MATRICES

1. **Lines and planes in \mathbb{R}^3**
2. **Curves and surfaces in \mathbb{R}^3**
3. **Coordinates in \mathbb{R}^n**
 - applications: robot kinematics, wireless signals, customer profiles
4. **Vectors**
5. **The dot product**
 - application: matching methods for dating services
6. **The cross product**
 - also, the scalar triple product
7. **Intro to vector calculus**
 - application: celestial mechanics
8. **Vector calculus & motion**
 - application: curvature, tangential & normal acceleration
9. **Matrices**
 - applications: image processing, genetic correlations, predictive text, ...
10. **Matrix algebra**
11. **Matrices and equations**
 - applications: balancing chemical equations, network traffic flow, commodity management
12. **Row reduction**
13. **Inverse matrices**
14. **Linear transformations**
 - application: Euler angles & 3-d rotations in robotics & graphics
15. **Coordinate transformations**
16. **Determinants: algebraic**
17. **Determinants: geometric**
18. **Determinants: algorithmic**
 - application: computational complexity of determinants

PART 2 : DIFFERENTIATION

1. **Multivariate functions**
 - applications: meteorology, robotics, SEIR models, market equilibria, ...

- 2. Rates of change**
 - application: changing commodity prices
- 3. Definition of the derivative**
 - using linear transformations
- 4. Differentiation**
 - formal definition ; interpretation as first order variation
- 5. The chain rule**
 - via matrix multiplication / composition of linear transformations
- 6. Derivative rules**
 - application: the material derivative
- 7. The Inverse Function Theorem**
 - applications: solving systems of nonlinear equations locally; inverse kinematics
- 8. The Implicit Function Theorem**
 - application: GPS sensitivity
- 9. Gradients**
 - application: machine learning
- 10. Tangent lines/planes**
- 11. Linearization & approximation**
 - application: numerical approximation; tolerances and error estimation in engineering
- 12. Taylor expansions**
- 13. Computing Taylor expansions**
- 14. Critical points and Hessians**
- 15. Optimization: Linear regression**
 - applications: statistics
- 16. Optimization: Game theory [OPTIONAL]**
 - application: Nash equilibria
- 17. Constrained optimization**
- 18. The Lagrange multiplier**
 - application: shadow prices
- 19. Lagrange examples**
 - applications: stock supply management, AMGM inequality

PART 3 : INTEGRATION

- 1. Definitions of Integrals**
- 2. The Fubini Theorem**
- 3. Double integrals**
- 4. Triple integrals**

- 5. Averages**
-application: L^2 (RMS) averages
- 6. Mass & centers**
-application: monostatic solids
- 7. Moments of inertia**
- 8. The Inertia matrix**
- 9. Solid body mechanics**
-applications: angular velocity, momentum, kinetic energy, etc.
- 10. Review of probability**
- 11. Multiple random variables**
-application: portfolio management
- 12. Covariance matrices [OPTIONAL]**
-application: target tracking and uncertainty modeling
- 13. Polar & cylindrical coordinates**
-application: Gaussians
- 14. Spherical coordinates**
- 15. The Change of Variables Theorem**
-in all dimensions, using determinant of derivative
- 16. Changing coordinates**
-application: computing work in thermodynamics
- 17. Surface integrals**
- 18. Gaussians, redux [OPTIONAL]**
-application: the Kalman filter and data fusion
- 19. Spheres and Data [OPTIONAL]**
-application: the Gaussian Annulus Theorem

PART 4 : CALCULUS OF FIELDS

- 1. Fields**
- 2. Scalar Path integrals**
- 3. Integrating 1-forms**
- 4. The Independence of Path Theorem**
- 5. Work, Circulation, & Flux**
-application: circulation and flux in fluids
- 6. Green's Theorem**
- 7. Euclidean forms in 3-d**
- 8. Grad, Curl, & Div**

9. Integrating 2-forms

10. Gauss's Theorem in 3-d

11. Stokes' Theorem in 3-d

12. When to use Which Theorem

13. Forms & Fluids [OPTIONAL]

-application: Kelvin Circulation Theorem & Helmholtz Theorem

14. Forms & Physics [OPTIONAL]

-applications: Maxwell's equations

15. Forms & Data

-applications: medical imaging, geodesy

16. Differential forms [OPTIONAL]

17. Calculus of forms [OPTIONAL]

-application: geometric optics

18. Stokes' Theorem Redux [OPTIONAL]

-application: time-series data